प्रश्न-पत्र की योजना2024-2025

कक्षा — **10** विषय — अंग्रेजी अवधि —3 घण्टे 15 मिनट

पूर्णांक - 80

1. उद्देश्य हेतु अंकभार-

क्र.सं.	उद्देश्य	अंकभार	प्रतिशत
1.	ज्ञान	26	32.50
2.	अवबोध	22	27.50
3.	ज्ञानोपयोग	17	21.25
4.	कौशल	10	12.50
5.	विश्लेषण	5	6.25
	योग	80	100

2. प्रश्नों के प्रकार वार अंकभार-

क्र.सं.	प्रश्नों का प्रकार	प्रश्नों की	अंक	कुलअंक	प्रतिशत	प्रतिशत	संभावित
		संख्या	प्रतिप्रश्न		(अंको का)	(प्रश्नों	समय
						का)	
1.	बहुविकल्पात्मक	15	1	15	18.75	28.85	25
2.	रिक्तस्थान	4	1	4	5.00	7.70	08
3.	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	18	1	18	22.50	34.61	30
4.	लघुत्तरात्मक	9	2	18	22.50	17.30	27
5.	दीर्घउत्तरीय	1.4	3	3	3.75	1.92	15
6.	निबंधात्मक	5	2x5	22	27.50	9.62	90
			3x4	4			
	योग	52	_	80	100	100	195
							मिनट

विकल्प योजना : खण्ड 'स' एवं 'द' मेंहैं

3. विषय वस्तु का अंकभार-

क्र.सं	विषय वस्तु	अंकभर	प्रतिशत
1	Section A (Reading) Unseen Passage – 1	6	7.50
2	Unseen Passage – 2	9	11.25
3	Section B (Writing) Letter/ Email	5	6.25
4	Story Writing	4	5.00
5	Short Paragraph verbal /visual	4	5.00
6	Section C (Grammar) Tense	4	5.00
7	Reported Speech	2	2.50
8	Subject verb Concord	2	2.50
9	Active and Passive Voice	2	2.50
10	Framing Question and Que.Tag	2	2.50
11	Section D (Text Books) first flight Passage prose	6	7.50
12	Textual Questions	14	17.50
13	Poetry	8	10.00
14	Footprints Without Feet	12	15.00
	Total	80	100

प्रश्न-पत्र ब्ल्यूप्रिन्ट 2024-2025

विषय :— अंग्रेजी पूर्णांक— 80 समय:— 3 घण्टे 15 मिनट कक्षा -10

क्र.	उद्देश्य			হা	ान	200	02		56 FF	अव	बोध				9	ज्ञानोप	योग			7	कौशल	T		9				20,1196	ू लेषण			योग
₹.	इकाई / उपइ काई	बहुलिकल्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुत्तरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	बहुलिकत्पात्मक	रिक्तस्थान	अतिलघुत्तरात्मक	लघुतरात्मक	दीर्घउत्तरात्मक	निबन्धात्मक	
1	Section A (Reading) Unseen Passage – 1	1(4)												1(2)																		6(6)
2	Unseen Passage – 2			1(5)						1(2)		◀				1(2)	_															9(9)
3	Section B (Writing) Letter/ Email																		5(1)													5(1)
4	Story Writing										_				~										4(1)							4(1)
5	Short Paragraph verbal /visual																								4(1)							4(1)
6	Section C (Grammar) Tense	1(2)							1(2)																							4(4)
7	Reported Speech								М	1(2)																						2(2)
8	Subject verb Concord		1(2)																													2(2)
9	Active and Passive Voice									1(2)																						2(2)
10	Framing Question and Que.Tag															1(2)																2(2)

11	Section D (Text Books) first flight Passage prose	1(3)		1(2)					1(1)																		6(6)	
12	Textual Questions				2(2)					2(1)		5(1)														3(1)	14(:	5)
13	Poetry									2(3)											2(1)						8(4))
14	Footprints Without Feet	1(4)														2(1)	7	4(1)						20	(1)		1	12(7)
	योग	13(13)	2(2	7(7	4(2)		-	2(2	7(7)	8(4)	-	5(1	2(2	4	4(4	2(1	4	9(2)			2(1)	8(2)		20	(1)	3(1		
	सर्वयोग			26	(24)			to the second	22	(14)					17(9)				10(3)	- often	- 101	5(2))		80	0(52)

नोट:—कोष्ठक के बाहर की संख्या 'अंकों' की तथा अंदर की संख्या 'प्रश्नों' के द्योतक है। प्रश्न संख्या — 3,4,5,11,15 में आन्तरिक विकल्प है।

Secondary Examination, 2025 Model Paper English

Time: 3 Hours 15 Minutes
Maximum Marks: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCATION TO THE EXAMINEES :-

- 1. Candidate must first write their Roll No. on the question paper compulsorily.
- 2. All the questions are compulsory.
- 3. Write the answer to each question in the given answer book only.
- For question having more than one part, the answers to those parts are to be written together in continuity.
- 5. Write the correct serial number of each question as mentioned in the question paper.

Section – A (Reading)

1) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

The Rig Veda is India's most ancient text. As we know that it is several thousand years old. It gives the northwest region of the Subcontinent the name 'Sapta Sindhava', that is 'the Land of the seven rivers'. The word 'Sindhava' comes from 'Sindhu', which refers to the Indus River. Moving on in time, we see names for other parts of India appear in the literature. The Mahabharata is one of India's most famous texts. It lists many regions such as Kashmir, Kurukshetra, Vanga, Kutch, Kerala.

The Mahabharata uses the terms "Bharatavarsha" and Jambudvipa. Bharatavarsha means the country of the Bharatas and Jambudvipa means the "Island of the fruit of the jamun tree".

i) India's	most ancient text is:		(1))
A) T	he Yujurveda	B)	The Ramayana	
C) T	he Rig Veda	D)	The Sama Veda	
ii) The W	Vord sindhava comes fro	m	(1))
A) T	The Rig Veda	B)	Sindhu	
C) T	he Hindu	D)	India	
iii) The I	ndus river refers to :		(1))
A) I	ndia	B)	The Mahabharata	
C) S	indhu	D)	Sapta Sindhava	
iv) The pa	art which is not listed in	the Ma	fahabharata : (1)	
A) K	Cashmir	B)	Vanga	
C) K	Cerala	D)	Bihar	
v) Choose	e the similar word of the	follov	wing from the passage :-	
'Well k	nown':		(1))
A) Region		B) Refer	
C) Appear		D) Famous	

vi) Choose the opposite word of the following from the passage:

'Modern':

- A) Several
- B) Ancient

C) Famous

- D) Northwest
- 2) Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Harappa and Mohenjo-daro, now in Pakistan, were the first two cities of this Civilisation to be discovered; their indentification goes back to 1924, a century ago. Several sites followed in the Indus plains known as 'Indus Valley civilisation;

Later on Dholavira in Gujarat, Rakhigarhi in Haryana, Ganweriwala in Pakistan and Lothal in Gujarat were discovered. It is interesting to note that the Sarasvati basin includes not only two major cities –Rakhigrhi and Ganweriwala but aslo several smaller ones Farmana, Banawali, Bhirrana in Haryana and Kalibangan in Rajasthan.

The larger Harappan cities were built according to precise plans. They had wide streets which were often oriented to the cardinal directions. Most cities seen to have been sorrounded by massive wall and had two distinct parts – 'the upper town;' where the local elite lived and the "lower town" where common people lived.

Some large buildings seen to have been used for collective purposes – for instance, warehouses where goods were stored. Individual houses of various sizes lined the streets and smaller lanes. The construction was the same for small and big houses. All buildings were made of bricks.

The famous 'Great Bath' in Mohenjo-daro, a small but elaborate tank which measured about 12x7 metres and had waterproofing materials applied on top of carefully laid-out bricks. The tank was sorrounded by small rooms, one of which contained a well; there was a drain in one corner of the tank to empty it from time to time and refill it with fresh water.

- i) Where are Harappa and Mohenjo-daro?(1)
- ii) When were the Harappa and Mohenjo-daro civilisations discovered (1)
- iii) Where is Lothal civilisation ? (1)

v) What was the use of a drain system?	(1)
vi) What was the purpose of the large buildings?	(1)
vii) Mention the names of cities which belong from Haryana and Rajasthan? viii) Write the similar word of the following from the passage:	(1)
"Huge"	(1)
ix) Write the opposite word of the following from the passage:	
"Ordinary"	(1)
(Section – B)	
(Writing)	
3) You are Khushi living in Sidharth Nagar Ajmer. Last month you went to U	daipur. Write a
etter to your friend Somanshi describing her how you enjoyed this trip. You may t	ake help of the
following points.	(5)
i) With whom did you go to Udaipur?	
ii) Where did you stay ?	
iii) What places did you visit there?	
iv) Duration of the trip.	
OR	
You are Ritesh living at 47 Pratap Nagar Alwar. During the rainy season the	ere is very poor
condition of cleanliness and drainage system. Write a letter to the editor of 'The I	Hindustan Times'
complaining about the sanitation problem in your area.	
4) Write a story with the help of given outline in about 80 words. Give the tit	le and moral to
t.	(4)
Two cats a piece of breaddivideone piece	
pigger quarrel a monkeyjudge cuts the bigger pic	ece piece
smaller cut the other piece refuses saysrewa	ard of his labour
OR	

iv) Where did the common people live?

(1)

A hungry fox.....in searchof fooda vine...... grapes......high.....jumps...... tiregrapes are sourgoes away. Write a paragraph in about 80 words on the picture given below: (4) OR You are Sangeeta/Sangeet. You go for a walk daily in the morning in the nearby park. One morning you found a smart mobile phone there. How did you feel to find it and how did you find the owner of the mobile phone and return it? Write a parpagraph in about 80 words. You may begin like this: I am Sangeeta. I read in class 10th. I get up early in the morning....... Section - C (Grammar) Fill in the blanks with appropriate forms of the verbs given in the brackets: i) The annual examinationnext month. (Start) (1)(1) ii) Towns..... into cities these days. (Change) Choose the correct verb form from the given alternatives: iii) Divya Pratap recentlyhis syllabus. (1) have,revised A) has, revise B) C) have, revise (has, revised D) (1) iv) Sanjana..... food at this time tomorrow.

	A	A)	Will cooking	B)	Will be cooki	ng		
	(C)	is cooking	D)	cooks	()	
7)	Rewrite the fo	llowing	sentences changing then	n into l	Indiret Speech	:		
	i) S	hlok sai	d to Yatharth, "Let's play	chess	."			(1)
	ii) La	avisha s	aid to Bhojraj,"Do you re	ead this	s book today?			(1)
8)	Fill in the blan	nks with	a verb in agreement with	h its su	bject:			
	i) Sl	low and	steady the race.	(win/w	vins)			(1)
	ii) P	eople	celebrating Diwali. (was/w	ere)			(1)
9)	Change the foll	lowing	sentences into passive vo	ice :				
	i) W	Vho stol	e the watch?					(1)
	ii) D	id she v	vrite a story ?					(1)
10)	Frame question	on of the	following sentence:					
	i)	How	long?					(1)
	Ans.	Kama	l can read for seven hours	S.				
	ii)	Add	question tag to the statem	ent giv	en below.			(1)
		Pradhy	yuman will teach English	ı,				
			Section – D					
			(Taut Daals)					

(Text Book)

11) Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

There was a girl named Valliammai who was called Valli for short. She was eight years old and very curious about things. Her favourite pastime was standing in the front doorway of her house watching what was happening in the street outside. There were no playmates of her own age on her street and this was about all she had to do.

But for Valli, standing at the front door was every bit enjoyable as any of the elaborate games other children played. Watching the street gave her many new unusual experiences.

The most fascinating thing of all was the bus that travelled between her village and the nearest town. It passed through her street each hour, once going to the town and once coming back.

The sight of the bus filled each time with a new set of passengers, was a source of unending joy for Valli.

i) V	alli wa	sYears old.			(1)
A	1)	Nine	B)	Ten	
C	C)	Eight	D)	Six	
ii) Va	alli was	s standing at the			(1)
	A)	Roof	B)	Front door	
	C)	Playground	D)	Street	
iii)	How	many playmates did Val	li have	?	(1)
	Α) Two		B) Six	
	C	E) Eight		D) None	
iv)	Wha	t was the most fascinating	g thing	for Valli?	(1)
v)	Base	d on your reading of the	passage	write about Valli:	(1)
vi)	Writ	te the similar word of the	follow	ing from the passage :	
	"Obs	serving"			(1)
		OR			

OR

Mij and I remained in London for nearly a month. He would play for hours with a selection of toys, ping-pong balls, marbles, rubber fruit, and a terrapin shell that I had brought back from his native marshes. With the ping-pong ball he invented a game of his own which could keep him engrossed for up to half an hour at a time. A suitcase that I had taken to Iraq had become damaged on the journey home, So that the lid, when closed, remained at a slope from one end to the other. Mij discovered that if he placed the ball on the high end it would run down the length of the suitcase. He would dash around to the other end to ambush and hide from it, to spring up and take it by surprise.

1)	Mij played with?		
	A) Cricket Ball	B)	Ping Pong Ball
	C) Cork Ball	D)	Basket Ball
ii)	Who invented a game?		
	A) Writer	B)	Mij

		C)) 1	D)	He		
	iii)	Write	er had taken the suitca	ase to	?		
		A)	America	B)	London		
		C)	Iraq	D)	Home		
	iv)	How	did Mij discover the	game ?			
	v)	Write	about the playing ite	ems describ	ed in the passag	ge .	
	vi)	Write	the similar word of	the following	ng from the pas	sage : "Travel"	
12)	Answer any th	ree of	the following question	ons in about	20-30 words e	each: (2x3=	=6)
	i)	Why	did Kisa Gotami go	from house	to house? (T	he Sermon at Be	nares)
	ii)	When	re is Coorg? (Coorg	g)			
	iii)	What	does a jackfruit like	appearance	mean? (A bake	er from Goa)	
	iv)	When	re did Anne Frank hic	de during G	erman occupati	on? (From the Γ	Diary of
		Anne	Frank)				
13)	Answer any O	ne of t	the following questio	ns in about	80 words :		(5)
	i)	I'll tal	ke the risk" What is t	he risk? Wl	ny does the nari	rator take it?	
		(The	Black Aeroplane)				
	ii)	How	did Mandela's unders	standing of	freedom chang	e with age and ex	perience?
		(Nels	on Mandela: Long W	alk to Free	dom)		
14)	Answer any O	ne of t	the following questio	ns in about	40 words :		(3)
	i)	Write	the character sketch	of Natalya	? (The Propos	sal)	
	ii)	What	is the reason behind	the quarrel	ling of Natalya	and Lomov?	
15)	Read any one	of the	following extracts an	nd answer th	e questions tha	it follow: (
	If ever you	shoul	d go by chance				
	To jungles	in the	east;				
	And if the	ere sho	uld to you advance				
	A large ar	nd tawı	ny beast,				
	If he roars a	at you	as you're dyin'				
	You'll know	v it is t	he Asian lion.				

- i) Where to go to know the Asian lion? (2)
- ii) What kind of animal is the Asian lion? (2)

OR

Custard the dragon had big sharp teeth

And spikes on top of him and scales underneath,

Mouth like a fireplace, chimney for a nose,

And realio, Trulio daggers on his toes.

- i) Who had big sharp teeth?
- ii) What type of mouth and nose did the dragon have?
- 16) Answer any two of the following questions in about 20 words: (2x2=4)
 - How does the fog come? (Fog)
 - ii) Why is the boy so upset? (The Ball poem)
 - iii) Is Amanda an orphan? Why does she say so ? (Amanda!)
- 17) Answer any One of the following two questions in about 80 words: (4)
 - The twentieth century is called the "Era of the book" and the twenty first century is the "Era of the computer". Do you think books are being replaced by the digital content. Give your ideas about the usage of digital books (The Book that Saved the Earth)
 - ii) Scientists Contribute to make the world a better place. Griffin was Scientists and invented something. What was the invention and what was the interesting incident based on the story? (Footprints Without Feet)
- 18) Answer any two out of the following three questions in about 20 words each: (2x2=4)
 - i) Who was Horace Danby? Why did he steal something every year? (A Question Of Trust)
 - ii) Write the species and sub species of butterflies which was collected by Richard H. Ebright. (The Making Of A Scientist)
 - "I was really worried about Tricki this time; Who said this comment and why?(A Triumph Of Surgery)

19)	Choose the	Correct answer:			(1X4=4)
	i)	How old was Horace Danby ?	(A Que	estion Of Trust)	
		A) 25 Years	B)	40 Years	
		C) 50 Years	D)	60 Years	
	ii)	Who was mighty? (The Book	That S	aved The Earth)	
		A) Iota	B)	Omega	
		C) Noodle	D)	Think-Tank	
	iii)	Where did the boys see mudd	y foot p	rint? (Footprints Without Feet)	
		A) London	B)	New York	
		C) Delhi	D)	Cap Town	
	iv)	What was the cost of diamond	l neckla	ce? (The Necklace)	
		A) Twenty Thousand Fran	cs B)	Thirty Six Thousand Francs	
		C) Fifty Thousand Francs	D)	Eighteen Thousand Francs	
